Economic Vitality Incentive Program / County Incentive Program Category 3: Unfunded Accrued Liability Plan

City of Algonac, 805 St. Clair River Dr., Algonac, MI 48001

EVIP (for eligible cities, villages or townships) and CIP (for eligible counties) are revenue sharing packages for municipalities. They include three categories of eligibility, each with its own set of requirements and deadlines, and offering 1/3 of the total available incentive revenue. By June 1, 2014, you need to submit a plan to address your unfunded liability to Treasury for Category 3 of EVIP. This sample template is meant to assist you in documenting your plan.

When your plan is complete, submit it along with certification form 5074 to the Department of Treasury, using the contact information on the form. The form can be found at http://www.michigan.gov/documents/treasury/5074_434975_7.pdf.

1. MUNICIPALITY INFORMATION	
Municipality Name: CITY OF ALGONAC	A ST ADMINISTRATION OF THE PARTY OF THE PART
Fiscal Year: JULY 1st - JUNE 30th	
Pension UAL as reported in the most recent actuarial value	uation:
Pension Funded Ratio: 95%	No Pension UAL
OPEB UAL as reported in most recent valuation:	
OPEB Funded Ratio: 62.1%	No OPEB UAL
2. PENSION UAL – ACTIONS TAKEN	
You may have a pension UAL only if you offer a defined b	enefit and/or a hybrid plan.
PLAN DESIGN CHANGES (CHECK IF APPLICABLE)	
STRATEGY	IMPACT
Adopted a Lower Tier of Benefits for New Hires (check all that apply):	The long term impact of implementing a lower tier of benefits for new hires is that it reduces the future liability accrual because future
Lowered multiplier from to	benefits will be lower, and therefore less expensive, than the previous benefits offered.
Removed Cost of Living Increases	
Removed Early Retirement Riders (i.e. 55/25, 50/25)	
☐ Increased Vesting from to	
Increased Normal Retirement Age from to	
Other:	
CONTRACTED OUT POLICE SERVICES IN OCTOBER 2012, FREEZING BENEFIT LEVELS OF DEPARTING OFFICERS AND ELIMINATING THE ACCUMULATION OF FUTURE LIABILITY.	
Effective Date: 10/1/2012	

Adopted a Defined Contribution Plan for New HiresEffective Date:	The long term impact of implementing Defined Contribution for new hires is that it eliminates the future accrual of liabilities for those benefits, since Defined Contribution does not have liabilities associated with the benefits.
Adopted a Hybrid Plan for New Hires Multiplier: Vesting: FAC: Normal Retirement Age: Once the benefit structure is established, the defined benefit portion may not be increased and is not subject to collective bargaining. Yes (MERS only) No Effective Date:	The long term impact of implementing a Hybrid Plan for new hires is that it reduces the future liability accrual because future benefits will be lower, and potentially less expensive, than the previous benefits.
Bridged the Multiplier for Active Employees Bridged from: multiplier Bridged to: multiplier Final Average Compensation used: (check one) Frozen (biggest impact) Termination Effective Date:	The impact for bridging a multiplier for active employees is immediate and not only reduces future liabilities, but also may reduce existing liabilities. Past service remains at the previous multiplier and all future service accrues at the new, reduced multiplier. New hires would receive the new bridged multiplier.

FUNDING (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	
STRATEGY	IMPACT
Contributed the Annual Required Contribution to Fund the Plan ∴	The actuarial determined minimum contribution is comprised of two pieces: Employer Normal Cost (present value of benefits allocated to the current plan year less any employee contribution), and Amortization Payment of Unfunded Accrued Liability (payment to reduce any shortfall between liability for past service and assets). Making the required minimum payments into the plan contributes towards the unfunded accrued liability.
	How will this action continue to be implemented and maintained?
	THE CITY OF ALGONAC HAS ALWAYS CONTRIBUTED THE CONTRIBUTIONS RECOMMENDED BY MERS. THIS HAS RESULTED IN THE PLAN'S "PERCENT FUNDED" IMPROVING FROM 80% ON DECEMBER 31, 1998 TO 95% AS OF THE MOST RECENTLY COMPLETED ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATE OF DECEMBER 31, 2012.
☐ Contributed Above the Minimum	Additional payments made into the plan go toward funding the unfunded
Required Amount	accrued liability. In addition, those extra dollars are invested and have the ability to recognize market returns.
Extra percentage above minimum:	How will this action continue to be implemented and
Lump sum payment into plan:	maintained?
	·

3. PENSION UAL - NO ACTIONS TAKEN

NO ACTIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN IN THE PAST

PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY NO ACTIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN

4. OPEB UAL-ACTIONS TAKEN

You may have an OPEB UAL only if you offer retiree health insurance, or other post-employment benefits.

PLAN DESIGN CHANGES (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)

STRATEGY

✓ Implemented Changes to Coverage Levels

Details:

ELIMINATED MEDICARE
COORDINATING HEALTH
INSURANCE POLICY FOR PRESENT
and future qualifying retirees and
replaced with monthly \$125 stipend for
retiree to purchase Medicare
Supplement Policy of their choice.

Effective Date: 1/1/2013

✓ Increased Co-Payments

morousou oo ruyme

Details:

INTRODUCED HIGH DEDUCTIBLE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN FOR NON MEDICARE ELIGIBLE RETIREES WHICH REDUCED CITY COST. NEW CO-PAYMENTS FOR DRUG PRESCRIPTIONS.

Effective Date: 1/1/2013

IMPACT

Implementing changes to coverage and benefit levels reduces the total liability of the plan.

Reduces the total liability of the plan.

☐ Modified Eligibility	Reduces the total liability of the plan.
Details:	
·	
	·
Effective Date:	
☐ Implemented Defined Contribution Style Health Care (i.e. MERS Health Care Savings Program)	Eliminates OPEB liability for new hires. If active employees opt out, it reduces the current liabilities.
Check all that apply:	
☐ New hires	
Offered conversion/incentive for employees (actives or retirees) to opt out of retiree healthcare	
Effective Date:	
✓ Eliminated Retiree Health Insurance Coverage for New Hires	Eliminates OPEB liability for new hires.
Details:	
ANY EMPLOYEE HIRED AFTER JANUARY 1, 2011 IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR ANY FORM OF CITY PROVIDED RETIREMENT HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.	
Effective Date: 1/1/2011	
FUNDING (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	
STRATEGY	IMPACT
✓ Established a qualified medical trust -	Assets in a qualified medical trust can be used to offset OPEB liability.
OPEB Trust (i.e. MERS Retiree Health Funding Vehicle)	How will this action continue to be implemented and
Contributions made to the Trust this year: \$25,000 scheduled to be paid this	maintained?
Balance in the Trust: \$420,349	ON A PAY AS YOU GO BASIS AS RECOMMENDED BY OPEB ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT.
Effective Date: 3/31/2014	
Eliodivo Bato.	

5. OPEB UAL – NO ACTIONS TAKEN		
NO ACTIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN IN THE PAST PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY NO ACTIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN 6. OTHER ACTIONS THAT DO NOT QUALIFY STRATEGY Closed the Defined Benefit Plan and	IMPACT The proceeds of the bond are deposited and potentially will fully fund the	
Issued a Pension Obligation Bond to Fund the Plan Issued the bond at: (check one) Actuarial Value	unfunded accrued liability of the Plan. There is no guarantee that future unfunded liabilities may not occur. How will this action continue to be implemented and maintained?	
POLICIES/BEST PRACTICES (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) STRATEGY Limited Final Average Compensation	IMPACT Limiting what is included in someone's final average compensation reduces the benefit amounts, therefore decreasing total liability. It also mitigates	
 □ Base wages only or (check all that apply) □ Excluded or limited overtime □ Excluded or limited PTO payouts □ Excluded or limited sick leave payouts 	Final Average Compensation (FAC) padding/spiking, which could lead to the immediate development of UAL.	

Amortization of UAL – open DB Plan	Decreasing the period in which UAL is spread over expedites the payoff.
Current Amortization Policy:	
Is this amortization shrinking? Yes No (MERS shrinks the amortization schedule by 1 year, every year)	
	Regularly performing an actuarial experience study provides Plan oversight, governance and due diligence to ensure experience is close to assumptions.
Last study performed: 12/31/11	
Scheduled every 3 years (MERS last Experience Study was performed in 2009)	
☐ Benefit Increases Policy	By limiting when benefit increases can be done, this reduces the risk of developing UAL due to granting benefit enhancements that have not yet
Required to be% funded	been paid for and/or prefunded.
7. ACTIONS THAT MAY BE TAKEN	
vesting requirements, multipliers, cost-of-living increases, rer	gn modifications may be made for new hires, including: retirement eligibility and moval of early retirement riders, and increases to the retirement age. In addition, g a hybrid or defined contribution plan. For active employees, bridging the lalso be implemented.
Funding strategies may also be made, including: contributing and contributing more than the minimum required contributio	the annual required contribution to the plan (required by the State Constitution), on.
	final average compensation calculation, reviewing/reducing the amortization training a policy on when benefit increases
	abilities, future actions that could be taken include: plan design modifications (i.e. y modifications), plan type changes (i.e. implementing a defined contribution style 3 trust and funding it).
,	